

Visual-Semantic Decomposition and Partial Alignment for Document-based Zero-Shot Learning

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Motivation

Document-based Zero-Shot Learning (ZSL)

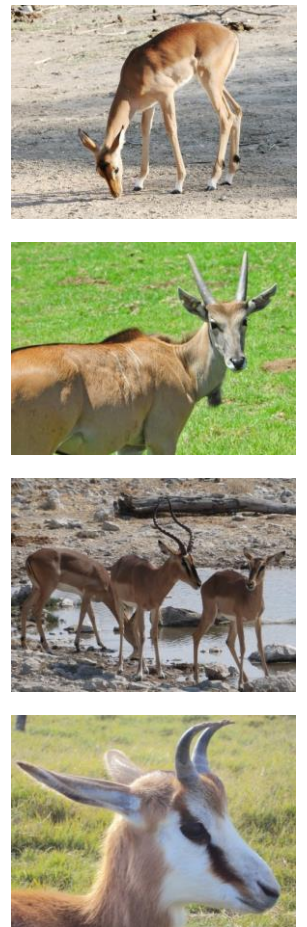
- ZSL aims to identify unseen classes by training a set of seen classes.
- Document-based ZSL uses **category-level text corpora** from Wiki as **auxiliary information**, transferring knowledge by shared descriptions.

Partial Association between Images and Documents

Antelope document

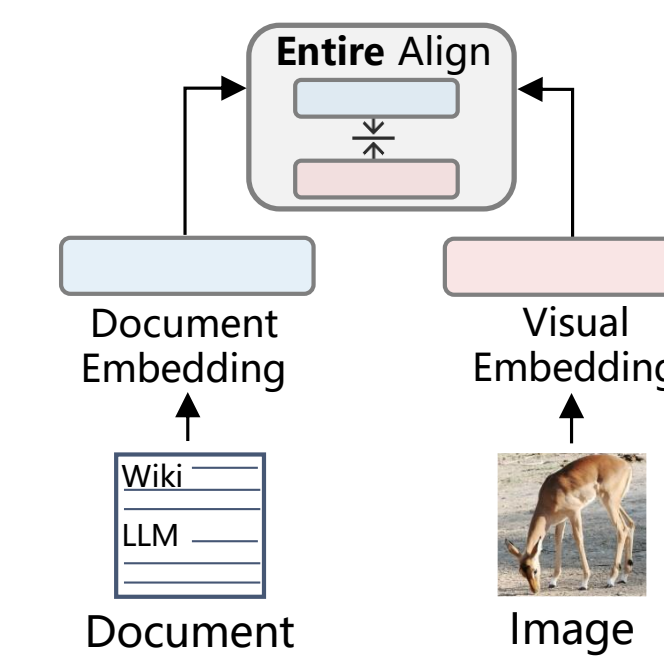
An antelope typically has **slender** and **agile** build, with **long** legs and a **short** tail. They have a distinctive pair of pointed horns that curve backwards, and they typically have a coat of fur that is brown, tan, or gray in color with white underbelly. Males tend to have **larger bodies** and **horns** than females, but in a few species, the females may **lack horns** entirely... Antelopes tend to live in **grasslands**, **forests**. Antelopes also have a suite of whistles, barks, bleats, grunts, and moos.

The matching information



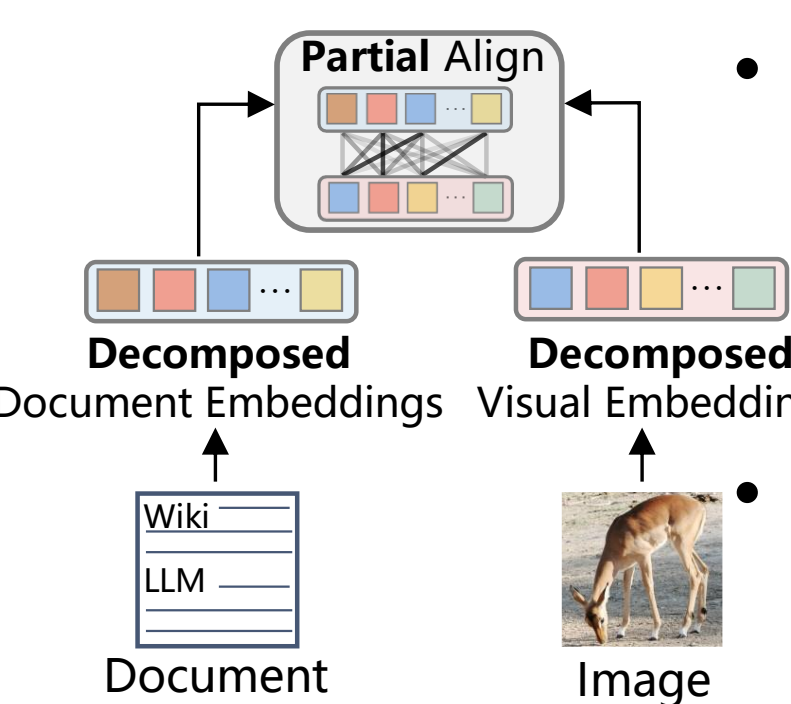
- diverse image content, noisy document, exhaustive description result in
- Semantics in the document may **partially be reflected** in the image.
- Distinct images **capture varying semantics** within the document.

Previous Work: *Entire Align*



- Existing methods align the entire semantics of a document with images to transfer knowledge.
- They disregard that **semantics is not equivalent between them**, resulting in a suboptimal alignment.

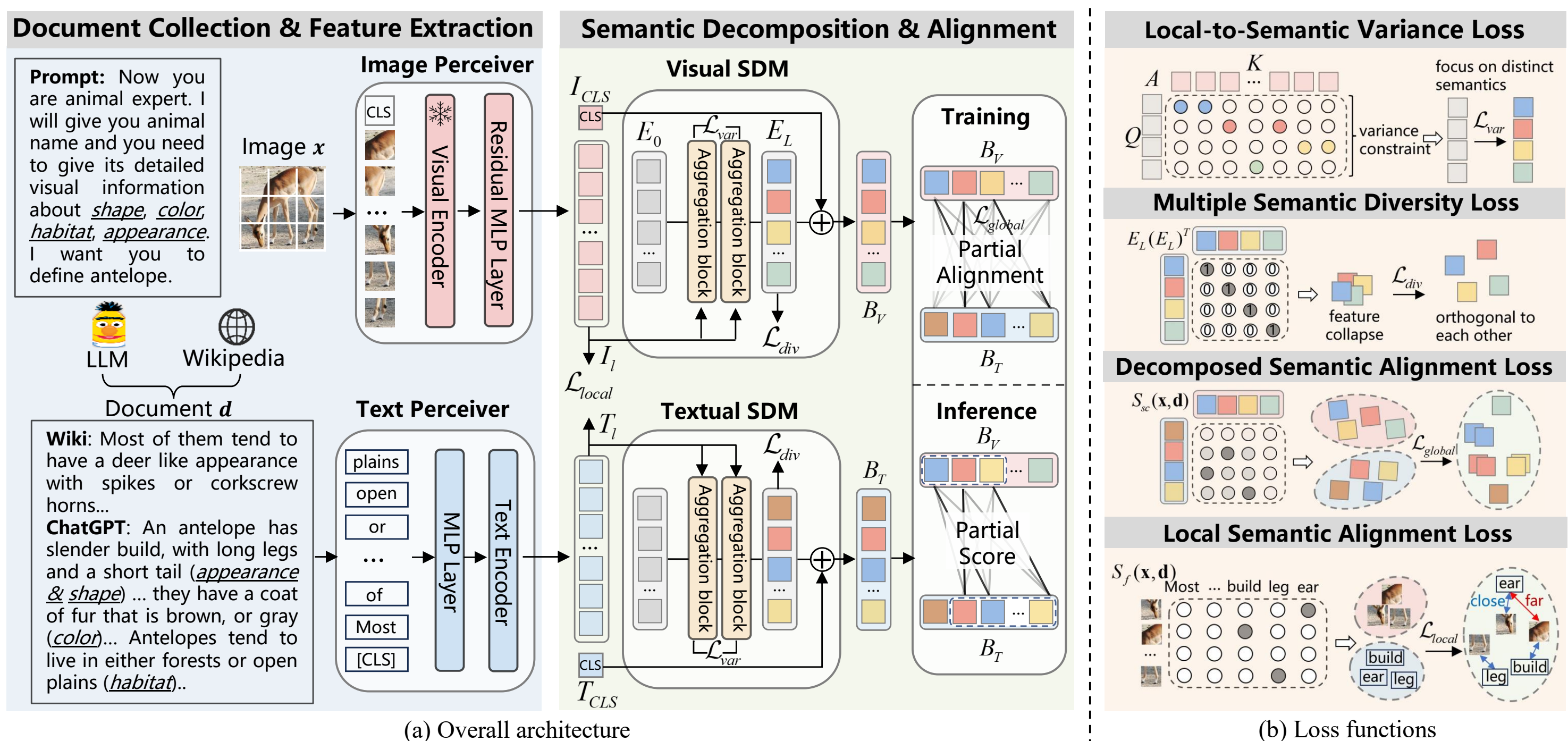
Our EmDepart: *Partial Align*



- In contrast, we **extract multi-view semantic concepts** from documents and images and **align the matching** rather than entire concepts.
- Moreover, two losses are proposed to solve issues of **information redundancy caused by feature collapse**.

Our Solutions

An overview of our EmDepart, which contains an image perceiver, a text perceiver, and visual and textual semantic decomposition modules.



Document Collection: Wiki + LLMs

- Collecting category documents from encyclopedia (*e.g.*, Wikipedia)
- Enriching less-described document by Large Language Models (LLMs)

Visual-Semantic Decomposition

Visual and textual SDM **aggregate information** and **decompose** them to generate **multi-view semantic** embeddings:

- This process introduces a set of learnable tokens and cross-attention mechanisms.
$$\mathbf{E}_t = \text{softmax}\left(\frac{\mathbf{Q}\mathbf{K}^T}{\sqrt{r_h}}\right)\mathbf{V}\mathbf{W}_o + \mathbf{E}^{t-1},$$
- In the last, we concatenate the output with global feature to maintain small set variance.
$$\mathbf{B}_V = \text{LayerNorm}(\mathbf{E}_L + [\mathbf{I}_{CLS}]^{x_k}).$$

Distinct Semantic Information Learning

To solve the **information redundancy caused by feature collapse** (multiple embeddings with a slight variance), we introduce two losses:

- \mathcal{L}_{var} : encourage each view embedding to **focus on unique local information**.
$$C(\mathbf{A}_v) = \sum_{i=1}^l \sum_{j=1}^n \max(0, \gamma - \sqrt{\text{Var}(\mathbf{a}_{ij})} + \epsilon),$$
- \mathcal{L}_{div} : penalize each view embedding **orthogonal to others**.
$$\mathcal{L}_{div} = \frac{1}{2} (C(\mathbf{A}_T) + C(\mathbf{A}_V)).$$

Partial Semantic Alignment

We **assigns distinct weights to every document-image embedding pair based on similarity** to model the partial association.

$$\text{LSE}(\mathbf{b}_T, \mathbf{B}_V) = \log\left(\sum_{\mathbf{b}_V \in \mathbf{B}_V} e^{\cos(\mathbf{b}_T, \mathbf{b}_V)}\right), \quad S_{sc}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{d}) = \frac{1}{2k} \left(\sum_{\mathbf{b}_T \in \mathbf{B}_T} \text{LSE}(\mathbf{b}_T, \mathbf{B}_V) + \sum_{\mathbf{b}_V \in \mathbf{B}_V} \text{LSE}(\mathbf{b}_V, \mathbf{B}_T) \right),$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{global} = -\log \frac{\exp(S_{sc}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{d}) / \tau)}{\sum_{\mathbf{d}' \in \mathcal{D}^s} \exp(S_{sc}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{d}') / \tau)}, \quad \mathcal{L}_{local} = -\log \frac{\exp(S_f(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{d}))}{\sum_{\mathbf{d}' \in \mathcal{D}^s} \exp(S_f(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{d}'))}.$$

- Final Loss: $\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{global} + \lambda_{local} \mathcal{L}_{local} + \lambda_{var} \mathcal{L}_{var} + \lambda_{div} \mathcal{L}_{div}.$

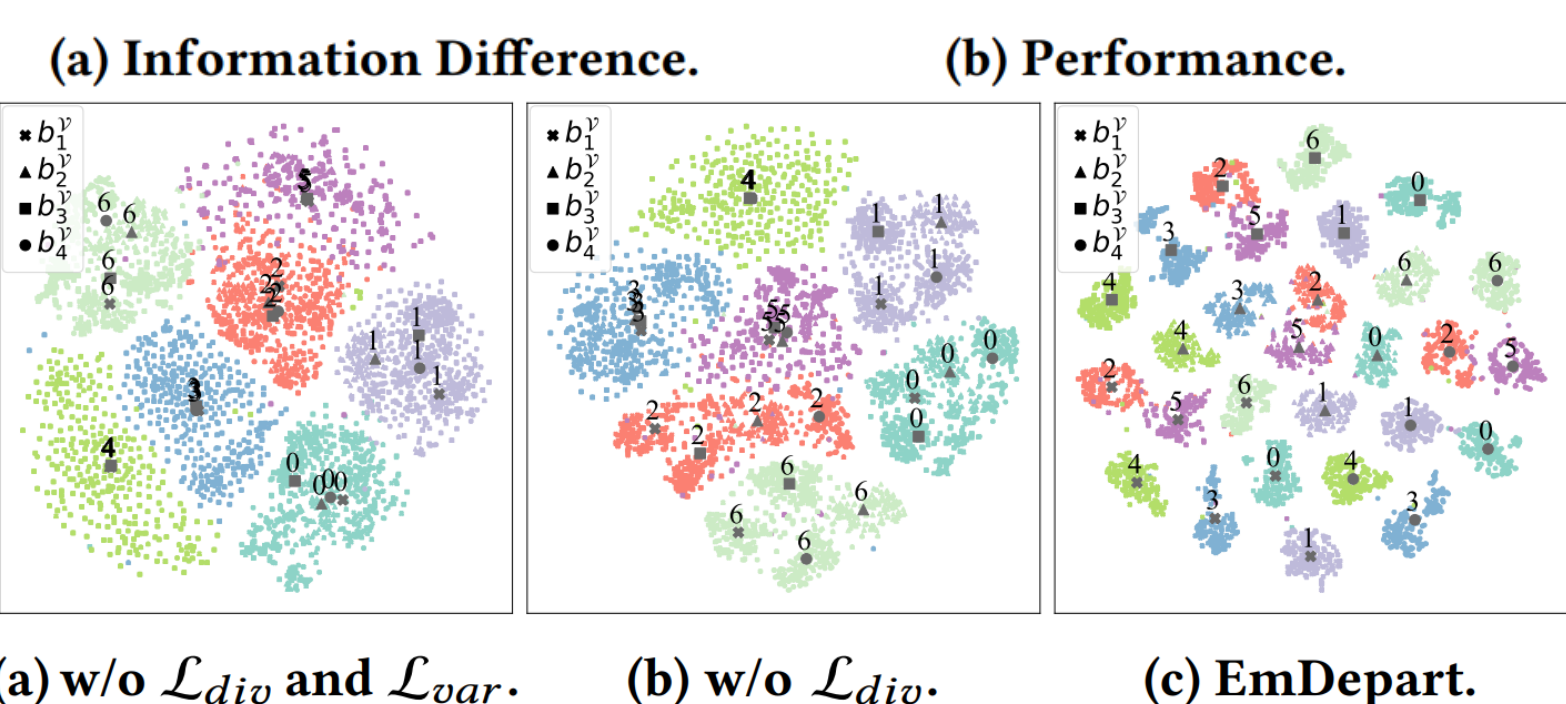
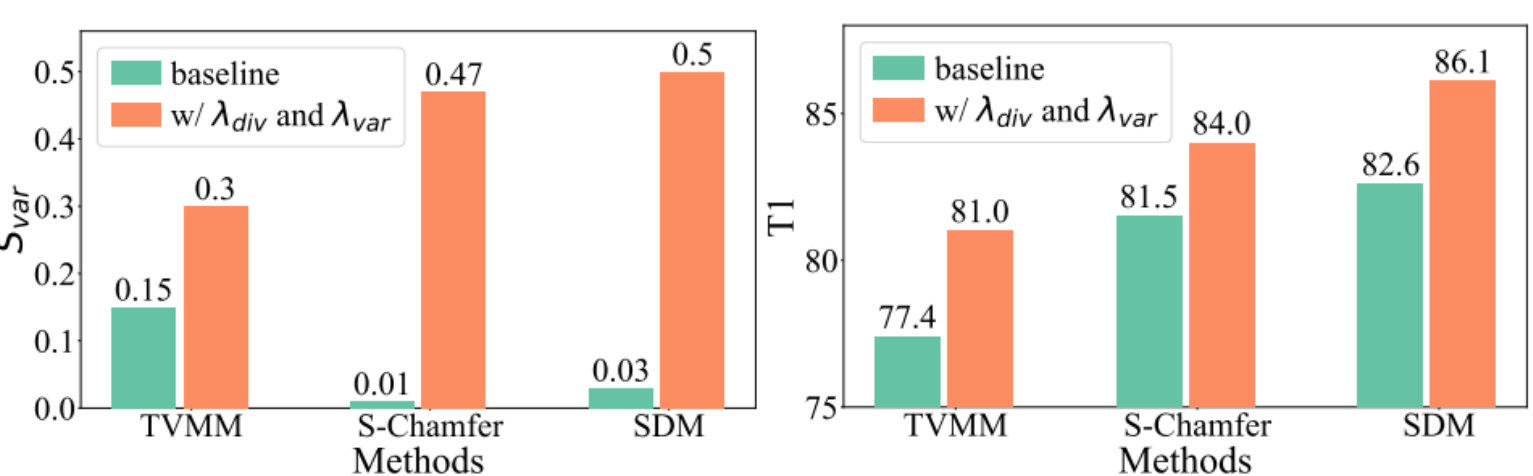
Experiments

Achieved SOTA in document-based ZSL

Our EmDepart improves performance by 6.0% and 5.8% on average across all metrics under Wiki and Wiki+LLM documents.

Model	Auxiliary Information	Zero-Shot Learning			Generalized Zero-Shot Learning								
		AWA2	CUB	FLO	AWA2			CUB			FLO		
		T1	T1	T1	U	S	H	U	S	H	U	S	H
GloVe [42]	CLSN	52.1	20.4	21.6	42.1	75.3	54.0	16.2	43.6	23.6	14.4	88.3	24.8
GloVe [42]	Wiki	61.6	29.0	25.8	49.5	78.1	60.6	23.8	62.6	34.5	14.7	91.0	25.3
LongFormer [6]	Wiki	44.2	22.6	8.8	41.6	81.8	55.2	19.9	41.0	26.8	8.8	89.8	16.0
MPNet [48]	Wiki	61.8	25.8	26.3	58.0	76.4	66.0	20.6	44.3	28.2	22.2	96.7	36.1
TF-IDF [45]	Wiki	46.4	39.9	34.0	29.6	87.6	44.2	29.0	52.1	37.3	28.9	94.8	44.3
VGSE [63]	CLSN+IMG	69.6	37.1	-	56.9	82.8	67.4	27.6	70.6	39.7	-	-	-
I2DFormer [38]	Wiki	76.4	45.4	40.0	66.8	76.8	71.5	35.3	57.6	43.8	35.8	91.9	51.5
I2MVFormer [37]	Wiki	73.6	42.1	41.3	66.6	82.9	73.8	32.4	63.1	42.8	34.9	96.1	51.2
EmDepart (Ours)	Wiki	81.4 ^{+5.0}	50.2 ^{+4.8}	47.2 ^{+5.9}	76.0	87.8	81.5 ^{+7.7}	42.6	56.3	48.5 ^{+4.7}	42.7	97.6	59.5 ^{+8.0}
I2DFormer [38]	Wiki+LLM	77.3	47.0	43.0	68.6	77.4	72.7	38.5	59.3	46.7	40.4	80.1	53.8
I2MVFormer [37]	Wiki+LLM	79.6	51.1	46.2	75.7	79.6	77.6	42.5	59.9	49.7	41.6	91.0	57.1
EmDepart (Ours)	Wiki+LLM	86.1^{+6.5}	52.8^{+1.7}	53.3^{+7.1}	81.4	88.5	84.8^{+7.2}	45.0	61.4	51.9^{+2.2}	52.3	94.4	67.3^{+10.2}

Analysis of Feature Collapse



- We improve previous methods performance and **increase the information difference among view embeddings**.

Model	AWA2		CUB		FLO	
	T1	H	T1	H	T1	H
TVMM [33]	77.4	74.4	41.6	43.1	42.3	54.2
+ $\mathcal{L}_{var} + \mathcal{L}_{div}$	81.0	77.5	45.6	47.4	46.8	59.5
Gain	+3.6	+3.1	+4.0	+4.3	+4.5	+5.3
S-Chamfer [29]	81.5	80.6	45.6	45.2	43.5	57.3
+ $\mathcal{L}_{var} + \mathcal{L}_{div}$	84.0	82.9	49.1	49.9	48.9	63.6
Gain	+2.5	+2.3	+3.5	+4.7	+5.4	+6.3
EmDepart(Ours)	86.1	84.8	52.8	51.9	53.3	67.3

Ablation Studies: Model and Document

Ablation on Modules			
Model	AWA2 T1	CUB T1	FLO T1
a) full model	86.1	52.8	53.3
Ablation on Loss Function			
b) w/o \mathcal{L}_{local}	85.8	45.9	41.7
c) w/o \mathcal{L}_{div}	83.5	47.7	41.5
d) w/o \mathcal{L}_{var}	85.5	50.1	49.9
e) w/o $\mathcal{L}_{div} + \mathcal{L}_{var}$	82.6	47.5	39.3
f) w/o $\mathcal{L}_{local} + \mathcal{L}_{div} + \mathcal{L}_{var}$	80.1	45.4	37.2
Ablation on Score Function			
g) w/o Partial Score in Eq.12	85.7	52.6	53.0
h) w/ average distance in Eq.7	80.0	39.4	45.7
i) w/ maximum distance in Eq.7	82.2	45.4	44.8
Ablation on Module			
j) w/o global feature in Eq.3	71.6	37.7	39.6
k) w/o SDM	79.7	46.0	45.1
l) w/o residual connection	81.4	49.7	48.3

Ablation on Different Documents				
Auxiliary Information	AWA2		FLO	
	T1	H	T1	H
Wiki	81.4	81.5	47.2	59.5
Wiki+GPT3 [7]	82.3±0.45	82.2±0.61	53.2±0.78	65.5±0.87
Wiki+LLaMa2 [51]	82.1±0.37	82.8±0.27	49.5±0.65	62.8±0.61
Wiki+ChatGPT [20]	86.1±0.16	84.8±0.29	53.3±0.41	67.3±0.82

Computation Cost Analysis				
Model	Params (×10 ⁶)	Train (min)	Inference (ms)	FLO (H)
I2DFormer [38]	2.18	0.72	4.7	53.8
I2MVFormer [37]	3.86	0.80	5.3	57.1
EmDepart w/o SDM	1.52	0.67	4.6	57.9
EmDepart	3.10	0.98	5.2	67.3

Partial Association Visualization

It contains the **visual-semantic decomposition** to offer basic concepts and **partial semantic alignment** according to the matching information.

